

Muslim Expansion: Conquest & Trade

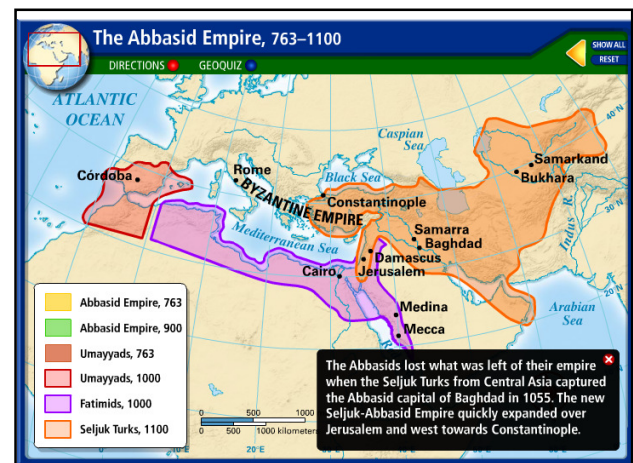
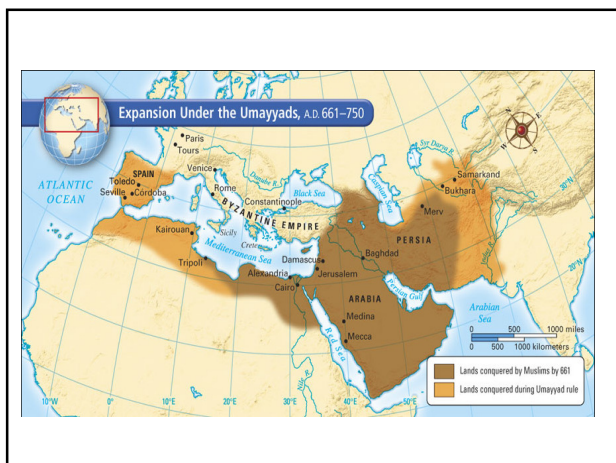
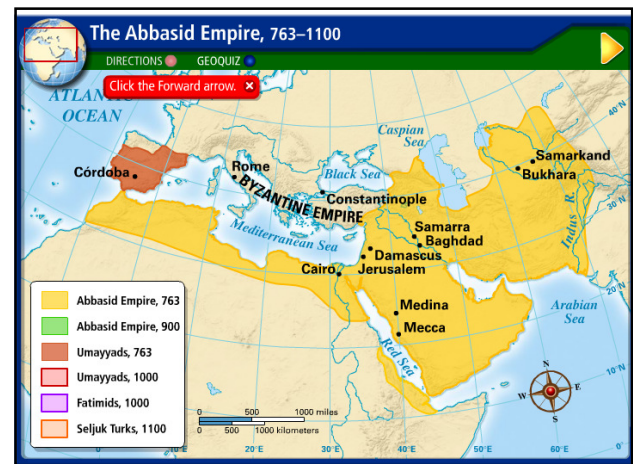
Standards 7.2.4 & 7.2.5

Recap: The Abbasids (pp. 119-125)

- Powerful empire with capital in Baghdad
- Culture was very advanced (art, lit., math, medicine)
- Weak leaders led to dynasty's fall to Fatimids & Turks
- **Vocabulary:**
 - **Baghdad** → capital of Abbasid Dynasty
 - **Standing army** → army kept during times of peace AND war
 - **Golden Age** → period when society/culture is at its best
 - **Calligraphy** → fancy handwriting
 - **Omar Khayyam** → famous Persian poet
 - **Factions** → opposing (or enemy) groups

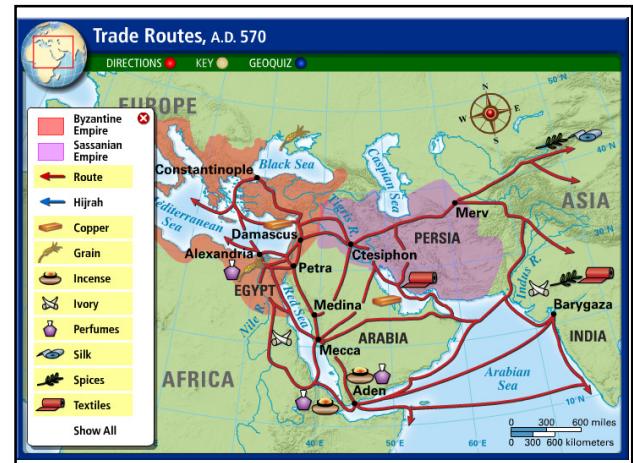
Recap: The Umayyads (pp. 113-116)

- Conquered N. Africa, Iberian Peninsula & Central Asia
- Empire based on strong government, common language (Arabic), & using same kind of money across entire empire
- Fell b/c of religious & political differences
 - 750 C.E. → **Abassids** defeated Umayyads
- **Vocabulary:**
 - **Iberian Peninsula** → Spain
 - **Bureaucracy** → system of agencies/people who do work of government
 - **Emir** → Muslim governors of Umayyad provinces



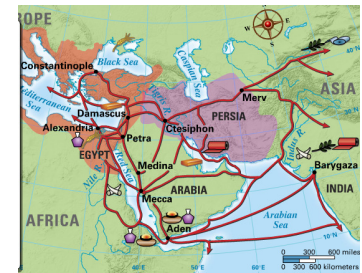
Recap: Muslims in Spain (pp. 131-137)

- Umayyad gov't in Spain → "al-Andalus"
 - Founded by Abd al-Rahman, who united Spanish Muslims & built huge standing army to protect empire
- Cordoba → center of Muslim trade, culture, & learning
 - Hundreds of workshops & good farms in countryside and HUGE libraries & many scholars in city
 - Advances in math, geography, medicine, etc.
- Fell apart b/c of Christian attacks & Muslim factions
- **Vocabulary:**
 - **Al-Andalus** →
 - **Cordoba** → capital city of al-Andalus



Map Questions: Trade

- Why is Arabia's location good for trade?
- What were some of the things people traded?
- Other than trade goods, what else might travel along these routes?



Growth of Cities

Idea/Word	Definition/Meaning
Where were cities usually located?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Along trade routes • Near water (hint: near an OASIS)
People who lived in cities are...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sedentary people • Known as city-dwellers (merchants, artisans, the rich, etc.)
Cities were...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Centers of trade